

Remarkable story with facts and evidence
of an historic spectre
that has haunted a
distinguished family for
generations. See next
Sunday's Journal.

A FAMOUS
GHOST
APPEARS
AGAIN.

THE JOURNAL

Have been printed in The Journal thus
far this season. If they
did not bring business
they would not have been
printed.

4,186
SUMMER
RESORT
ADS.

NO. 4,989.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 14, 1896.—16 PAGES.—COPYRIGHT, 1896, BY W. R. HEARST.

PRICE ONE CENT.

A TEST VOTE SHOWS THAT THE WIND IS BLOWING BOTH WAYS.

"Strares show which way the wind blows."

One hundred special reporters from the Journal left this office at 6 o'clock yesterday morning to take a test Presidential vote of ten thousand men doing business in and around this city. There was a canvasser on every early morning train and ferry boat going out of New York to the towns near by and on every one coming in from them to this city. In the city every cable car and every elevated train carried a man with Journal ballots. Later in the day the little army of ante-election poll clerks circulated among the workmen in all parts of the city. In all over ten thousand votes were taken. Of the voters, there happened to be twelve hundred more Republicans than Democrats. Of the forty-four hundred Democrats, nine hundred signified their intention of voting for McKinley, while five hundred of the fifty-six hundred Re-

publicans said they would vote for Bryan. The facts must be taken into consideration that this poll was taken in New York, a gold stronghold; in New Jersey, where the Republican candidate for Vice-President is a favorite son of the State, and in Long Island and Brooklyn, where the Democracy is badly split. Here are the exact figures:

Total number of Democrats voting..... 4,437
Total number of Republicans voting..... 5,095

Total number voters..... 10,102
Democrats for Bryan..... 3,509
Republicans for McKinley..... 5,133
Republicans for Bryan..... 532
Democrats for McKinley..... 928
Total vote for McKinley..... 6,061
Total vote for Bryan..... 4,041

McKinley's majority..... 2,020

Many of the passengers on the various railroads and ferry boats, declared their political faith, but refused to state the

ticket they would vote. Of these, more than two-thirds were Republicans. A great many signed as "Sound Money Democrats" and declared that they will vote neither ticket. Fully a score wrote "On the fence" on their tickets, while others, more sedate, expressed the same opinion when they wrote "Will wait to hear arguments from both sides. Am not yet convinced."

One man said that he did not know the meaning of "free silver" and "gold basis." The terms were explained to him. He will vote for Bryan, he says.

Mr. J. H. Wood, of No. 178 West One Hundred and Thirty-fifth street, wrote "I am a Democrat and will vote for Bryan with great pleasure. McKinley under no circumstances." Another man wrote "Re-

publican; for Bryan, you bet!" Perhaps a dozen wrote "Democrat—would vote for Whitney or good gold man—but never for McKinley."

In Jersey City the voting on different blocks ran in this way: Democrats for Bryan, 35; for McKinley, none; Republicans for McKinley, 51; for Bryan, 4. Another block: Democrats, for Bryan, 34; for McKinley, 9; Republicans, for McKinley, 40; for Bryan, none. In this city, on the East Side, between Fifty-ninth and Eighty-ninth streets, the blocks ran thus: Democrats for Bryan, 8; for McKinley, none; Republicans for McKinley, 2; Republicans for Bryan, none. Another block: Democrats for Bryan, 5; for McKinley, 1; Republicans for McKinley, 17; for Bryan, 1.

On the West Side, near Twenty-third street and Eighth avenue, the blocks gave this result: Democrats for Bryan, 34; for McKinley, 3; Republicans for McKinley, 25; for Bryan, none. On a Hamilton ferry boat this result was obtained: Democrats for Bryan, 87; for McKinley, 36; Republicans for McKinley, 155; for Bryan, 6.

The passengers on a Long Island Railroad train from Flushing to New York voted as follows: Democrats for Bryan, 75; for McKinley, 57; Republicans, for McKinley, 314; for Bryan, 5. On an Astoria ferry boat these figures resulted: Democrats for Bryan, 15; for McKinley, 1; Republicans, for McKinley, 23; for Bryan, 1.

On a Houston street ferryboat this result was obtained: Democrats for Bryan,

62; for McKinley, 21; Republicans for McKinley, 40; for Bryan, 66. Desbrosses Street Ferry, on one boat gave these figures: Democrats for Bryan, 80; for McKinley, 20; Republicans for McKinley, 98; for Bryan, 27.

The canvasser, whose route led him up Broadway from Park place to Houston street had this result: Democrats for Bryan, 33; for McKinley, 34; Republicans for McKinley, 93; for Bryan, 12. The Bowery's poll clerk got these results in one short block: Democrats for Bryan, 57; for McKinley, 5; Republicans for McKinley, 42; for Bryan, 3. The longshoremen on South street, from the Battery up to Wall street, will vote as follows: Democrats for Bryan, 64; for McKinley, 6; Republicans for McKinley, 48; for Bryan, 11.

In the historic Seventh Assembly District, this: Democrats for Bryan, 48; for McKinley, 1; Republicans for McKinley, 15; for Bryan, 3. A Fulton Ferry boat to

Brooklyn supplied these figures: Democrats for Bryan, 113; for McKinley, 21; Republicans for McKinley, 114; for Bryan, 20. The block on Wooster street, below Fourth, gave these votes: Democrats for Bryan, 50; for McKinley, none; Republicans for McKinley, 16; for Bryan, 2.

The general result of this poll is significant. It shows that the silver line of cleavage runs across both parties. Just at present it cuts deeper into the Democratic than into the Republican organization, but not so much so as to make the contest as one sided in this stronghold of sound money as it has been generally assumed to be. The great bulk of each party will stick to its regular candidates. The important question now is, which way the rift will extend furthest. There is evidently abundant opportunity for missionary work on both sides, and the side that does the better work will win.

GOLD DEMOCRATS OUT WITH A CALL TO ARMS.

Illinois Jumps into the Breach and Issues an Address for a Convention.

Richelieu Hotel Conference Committee Asks Every State in the Union to Send Delegates.

It Is Advisable, They Say, That the Anti-Silver Men in the Party Put a Ticket and Platform of Their Own in the Field.

Chicago, July 13.—The gold standard Democrats of Illinois to-night issued a call to arms addressed to the anti-silver men in the party of the country. The call is in the nature of an address, and is signed by the members of the special committee appointed at the Richelieu Hotel conference Friday night. The action taken by the committee is in behalf of the Democrats of the whole country who decline to support the candidates and platform of the Chicago Convention.

In order that the gold Democracy may be represented in this campaign by a ticket and platform in accord with "the time-honored principles of the party," the committee recommends and urges that another convention be held. To this convention the gold men of every State in the Union are asked to send delegates. The time and place of holding the convention are matters of detail to be attended to later. It is generally thought, however, that the convention will be called to meet in Chicago early in September.

That the action of the committee will meet with the cordial approval and command the earnest and hearty co-operation of gold standard Democrats everywhere is believed by the Illinois leaders, who are leading the movement. They insist that the Democratic press of the country is practically unanimous in demanding that another convention be called. In this demand the great leaders of the party, they say, are joining with an enthusiasm that assures the success of the movement looking to the nomination of a national Democratic gold standard ticket.

It is already assured, the gold men say, that the States of Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Alabama, Virginia and West Virginia will co-operate with Illinois in this movement to "preserve the honor and integrity of the Democratic party, and of the nation."

Representatives from the States named took part in the various gold conferences held in this city last week, and pledged their participation in such a movement if Illinois consented to take the lead.

The Illinois Democrats boast that they have proved that they are equal to the emergency, and they confidently believe that not only the States named, but every State in the Union will fall into line.

IN OPPOSITION TO BRYAN.

Rebellious Feeling of Certain Gold Men in the Party Has Not Utterly Disappeared.

Washington, July 13.—An interview is printed this evening with Senator W. E. Chandler, of New Hampshire, in which he pays a high personal tribute to Mr. Sewall, of Maine. Senator Chandler understands that Mr. Sewall is a protectionist and that he is as much opposed to free silver as he (Chandler) is. While this may not make him acceptable to the Democrats, it will, Senator Chandler thinks, commend him to the Populists, who are largely protectionists.

"Does the nomination of Mr. Sewall

strengthen the ticket?" the Senator was asked.

"It makes it more respectable, but no stronger. It won't give the ticket an extra vote in the East or perceptibly increase it in Maine."

"Then you think the ticket will have no chance in November?"

"It has not the slightest chance to win, unless we are to imagine that half the American people will go crazy between now and November. A broad wave of insanity is all that can elect the ticket."

"Will the Democrats make a showing in Maine?"

"The personal friends of General Sewall may help him increase the Democratic vote in Maine, and thus keep the Democratic party from disappearing at the polls, as would otherwise have been the case. With out his nomination the Democratic vote would have been little more than 'scattering'."

"Did you notice the assertion of Senator Tillman that your State will vote for silver in November?"

"We are expecting and believe we will get 15,000 majority in New Hampshire in November. Our people are bimetallicists, but there is no sentiment for the immediate free coinage of silver, which is the issue. Substantially all the leading Democrats of the State will vote for McKinley. Those who do not will take to the woods."

Watterson Wants Another Ticket.

Louisville, Ky., July 13.—The following was received by W. N. Haldean, president of the Courier-Journal company, this morning:

"Geneva, Switzerland, July 13.

"Walter N. Haldean, Louisville, Ky.:
"Another ticket our only hope. No compromise with dishonor. Stand firm."
"HENRY WATTERSON."

Pulpit Attack on Bryan.

Middletown, Conn., July 13.—Sunday Rev. E. P. Achison, pastor of Holy Trinity Episcopal Church, who is a prominent Democrat, electrified his congregation by closing his sermon yesterday with the words: "The present time calls for all patriots to unite to prevent the further coinage of fifty-cent dollars or the placing of a boy in the chair occupied by Washington, Lincoln and Garfield."

Rejected by Federal Officials.

Cleveland, July 13.—A party of ten men, all of whom are Democratic Federal officeholders, left last night on a trip up the lakes on George H. Kimball's yacht, the Amadis. Postmaster-General Wilson will join the party in Detroit. Among those on board were: W. H. Bellman, chief clerk of the Delivery Department at Washington; A. W. Machin, superintendent of the Free Delivery Department; Judge Lorenz, of the Court of Claims, Washington; A. F. Cushing, superintendent of the House-to-House Delivery Department; Postmaster H. N. Baker, of Buffalo; Postmaster J. C. Hutchins, of Cleveland; and Postmaster John Enright, of Detroit.

Judge Lorenz was the first man approached with the question of what he thought of the Democratic platform. He denounced it.

"Support it? Not much," he said; "it's too mean to drown, and a slight better to kick than to stand on. The candidates are all right. I don't know a thing against them, but the platform is too much."

Postmaster Baker, of Buffalo, declared that he would not support the candidates of the Democratic party. He put it on the ground of the silver plank in the platform, and said that the crankiness of the

Result of the Journal's Straw Vote.

Total vote.....	10,102
Democratic voters.....	4,437
Democrats who will vote for Bryan.....	3,509
Democrats who will vote for McKinley.....	928
Republican voters.....	5,665
Republicans who will vote for McKinley.....	5,133
Republicans who will vote for Bryan.....	532

COW HURLS A TRAIN DOWN A DEEP RAVINE.

Lehigh Valley Express Rolls Partially Into a Seventy-five Foot Embankment.

Engineer Instantly Killed and Fifty Passengers, More or Less, Seriously Injured.

ACCIDENT WAS AT HAZLETON, PA.

A Telegraph Pole Held the Three Coaches After They Had Gone Down Twenty Feet, and This Undoubtedly Saved Many Lives.

Hazleton, Pa., July 13.—A railroad wreck of a peculiar character, and which was wonderfully free from fatalities considering its gravity, occurred on the Lehigh Valley at Pond Creek at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The locomotive and three cars were thrown from the track and partly down a seventy-five-foot embankment. Engineer W. H. Doudt, of Hazleton, was killed, and all of the fifty passengers were more or less injured, some of them perhaps fatally.

THOSE WHO WERE INJURED.

Among the most seriously hurt are Henry Brodum, Wilkesbarre, legs hurt; Samuel Galeski No. 95 Seventh street, New York, chest and legs hurt; C. W. Reynolds, Hazleton, right leg bruised; J. M. Fahey, Pittston, legs and body severely bruised; Mrs. R. L. Clarke, aged woman, of Ashley, severely hurt about the head, body and limbs; her daughter, Mrs. Loren, Ashley, face

Continued on Second Page.

RICH CUBAN WOMAN ACCUSED OF CRIME.

Mrs. Mattie Delgado and Two Young Girls Arrested as Shoplifters.

When Told She Must Be Held at the Station the Elder Prisoner Falls in a Faint.

HER WEALTHY FRIENDS INDIGNANT.

She Is Bailed Out by Robert Blackburn, of the Gilsey House—Her Cousin and Miss Rodriguez Taken by the Gerry Society.

A peculiar case in which a wealthy Cuban woman, a twelve-year-old girl, a cousin of the woman, and another girl, fifteen years old, are the prisoners, came out in the West Thirtieth Street Station House last night.

The charge against the trio is that of shoplifting, and, according to the statement of the store detectives, who said they caught the children in the act, the latter were taught to do what they did by the woman.

The prisoners are Mrs. Marie Delgado, twenty-eight years old, who is said to be a wealthy woman, residing at No. 74 West Ninety-second street; her cousin, Sophin Delgado, twelve years old, and Tuana Rodriguez, fifteen years old, a friend of Sophin. Both girls reside with Mrs. Delgado. The three are Cubans. The husband

Continued on Fifth Page.

YOUNG GIRL DIES IN A CHURCH BATH.

With a Companion, Is Found Unconscious in the Pro-Cathedral Building.

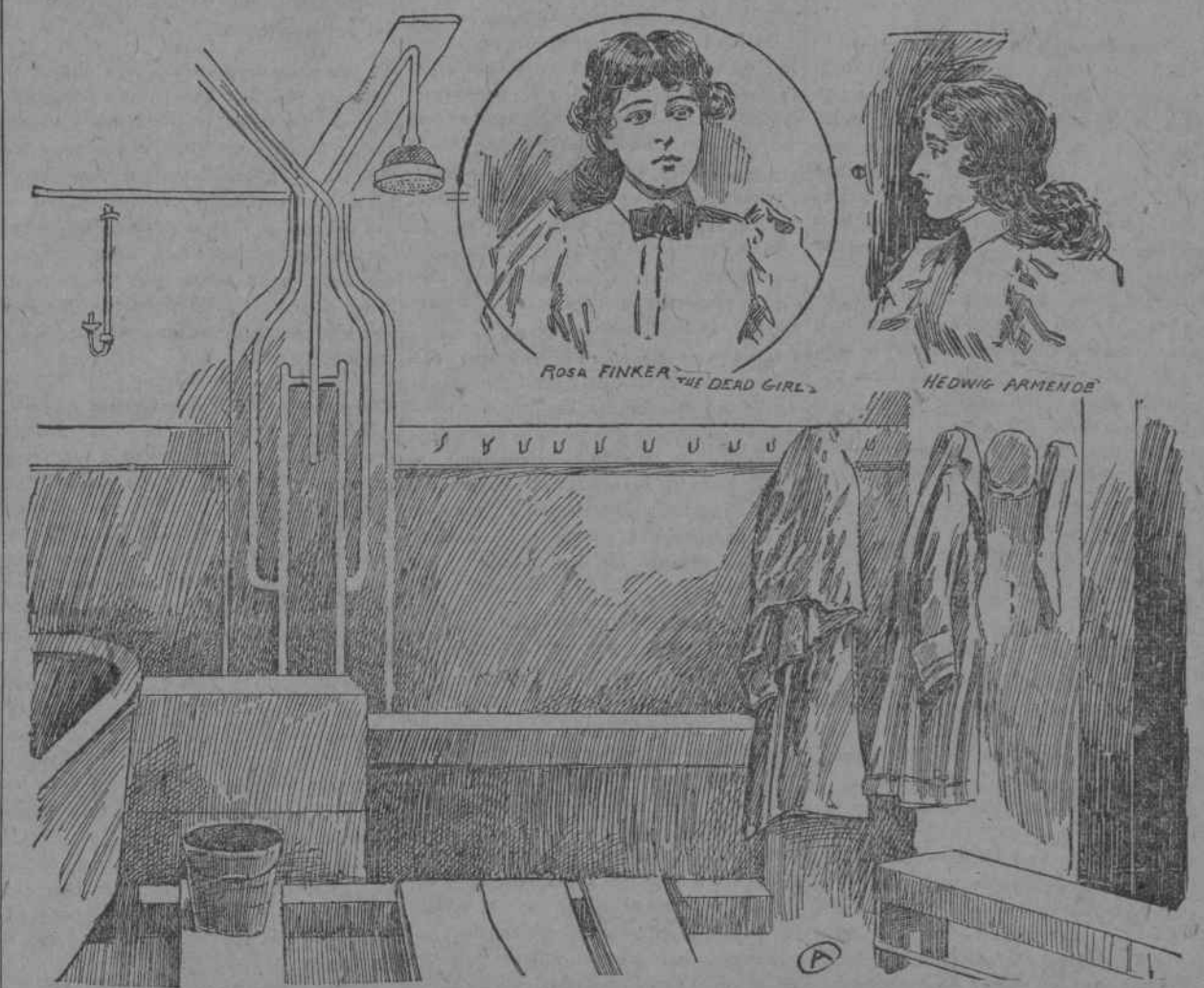
Hedwig Armende, the Survivor, Claims They Were Overcome by Escaping Gas.

ATTENDANTS DENY THIS THEORY.

They Say the Children Were Prostrated by Taking a Cold Douche After Stepping Out of Hot Water.

Twelve-year-old Rosa Finker, of No. 167 Ludlow street, died yesterday while in the Pro-Cathedral baths, maintained by the Protestant Episcopal Church, at No. 130 Stanton street. Hedwig Armende, of No. 165 Ludlow street, who was with the Finker girl, was found unconscious on the floor of the bathroom, and was resuscitated only after hours of work.

Those in charge of the baths claim that the Finker child's death was due to her taking a cold douche while overheated. On the other hand Hedwig Armende says that she and her companion were overcome by gas which filled the room. Which story is true can only be told by an autopsy. A strong odor of gas was noticeable throughout the basement in which the baths are situated after the girls had been found unconscious. Whether this came from a defective sewer or from a furnace, the escape pipes of which pass through the bath room, is not known.



LITTLE ROSA FINKER DIES IN THE PUBLIC BATHS OF THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Twelve-year-old Rosa Finker and her close friend, Hedwig Armende, went to the Pro-Cathedral baths at No. 130 Stanton street, yesterday. Half an hour later they were found unconscious on the floor of the bath room. Hedwig was resuscitated, but Rosa died. Hedwig claims they were overcome by gas. The attendants deny this, and say the girls succumbed to a cold douche taken just after climbing out of the tub of hot water.

GORMAN COMMENDS THE JOURNAL'S DECLARATION.

It Expresses Clearly, He Says, Why He Will Support the Ticket and Why All Democrats Should.

Senator Jones, Chairman of the National Committee, Expected in New York To-day to Confer with Other Leaders.

The Headquarters for the Campaign May Be Placed in New York—Hill Is Still Out of the City, and Whitney Refuses to Talk—Delmar's Action.

SENATOR GORMAN TO THE JOURNAL.

om mends Its Editorial Position and Will Stand by the Nominees.

Being determined to stand by the Democratic party as I always have done, I am naturally delighted with the editorial utterances of the Journal. The editorial that appeared in the paper this morning was one of the strongest articles that I ever read in a daily newspaper. I can best express myself by relating the experience of Stephen A. Douglas at his first meeting with General Jackson.

As every one will remember, Congress passed resolutions condemning General Jackson for his action at New Orleans. Long after this a resolution was offered and passed in the Senate ordering that a black border be placed around the resolution of condemnation, as it appeared in the Journal of the Senate. Of course this order was carried out, and the black border still remains.

Judge Douglas made one of his great speeches in behalf of the resolution ordering the border placed in the Journal, and defended General Jackson's course at New Orleans. Douglas had never met Jackson at this time, and the great Democrat sat for the Illinois statesman to visit him at the Hermitage. General Jackson's greeting was:

"I always believed that I was right, but I never knew why I was right until you told me in your speech."

So I can say, in General Jackson's words, I believed that I was right in remaining a Democrat, but now I know why I was right, because I have read that grand editorial in this morning's Journal.

ARTHUR PUE GORMAN,
United States Senator from Maryland.

Yesterday, in accordance with the custom which has been in vogue at the Pro-Cathedral for four years, the baths in the institution were thrown open to the poor women and girls of the East Side. The institution boasts only of four bathrooms. Each contains an ordinary tub and a shower. The rooms are underground cells, into which daylight cannot enter. They are about twelve feet square, with a low ceiling. The only door which closes the entrance to the apartment is a heavy oak affair, which is almost airtight.

Rosa Finker and Hedwig Armende were shown to the bathroom ten minutes after 3 o'clock by Mrs. Edward Schoch, wife of the janitor. She closed the door after seeing the children safely in. Twenty minutes later Janitor Schoch knocked at the door, saying:

"Time is up."

"All right," answered one of the girls. About fifteen minutes later, the girls not having appeared, Janitor Schoch sent his wife to investigate. She opened the door and saw two white forms stretched out on the stone flooring. Hurrying into the room she grasped the bare arm of the girl lying nearest the door. It was Rosa Finker's arm and it was cold. Mrs. Schoch called to her husband to run for a doctor and he hurried around to No. 153 Essex street, which is an annex to the Pro-Cathedral, and is used as a home for its attaches.

Miss Kate Wilson, a trained nurse, accompanied Mr. Schoch back to the bathroom.

To Miss Wilson Rosa Finker appeared to be dead. There was a fluttering of Hedwig's eyelids, and Miss Wilson first directed her attention to her. Miss Wilson produced artificial respiration and directed the janitress to treat Rosa likewise. Soon both were breathing, and Hedwig opened her eyes.

Then Dr. Smith, of No. 145 Stanton street, came. After examining the children he said he thought they would recover.

Continued on Fifth Page.

There is every reason to believe that a Senator Hill and Mr. Sheehan, who represent New York on the National Committee, urge that the headquarters be established here, that Senator Jones is likely to agree with them. It is